Cheaper (& correct) blockchain protocols and programs

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2021-10-01@ Languages, Systems, and Data Lab @ UCSC
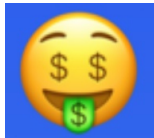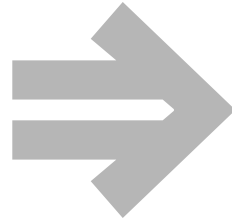
Goals

1 **blockchains** are **fun**

2 **cheaper protocols** through (nearly) **'telepatic' computers**   [PODC21]

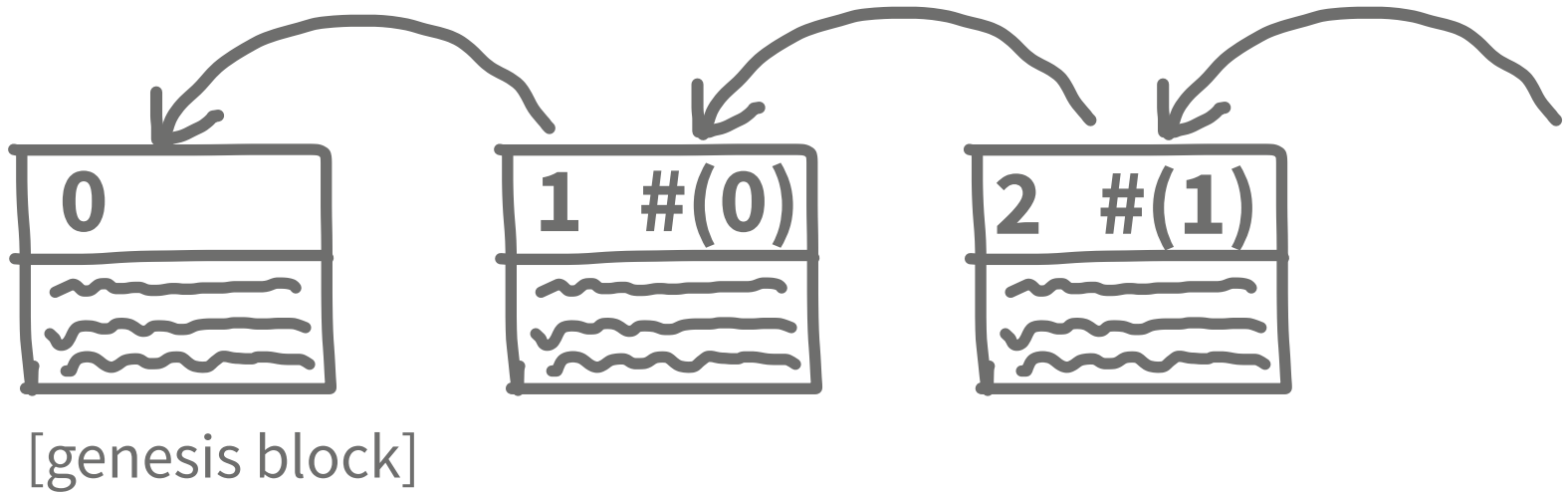**3** 🤑 through **cheaper programs**   [CAV20]

? ⇒ !

Blockchain

"**no standard technical definition** but is a **loose umbrella term**"

referring to

 "systems that bear varying levels of **resemblance to Bitcoin and its ledger**" [1]
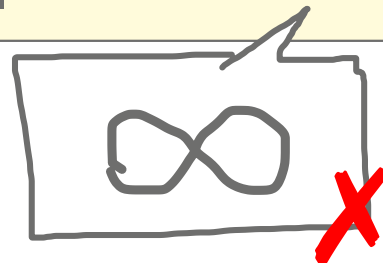
[1] A Narayanan & J Clark. Bitcoin's Academic Pedigree. Queue, 15(4):20, 2017
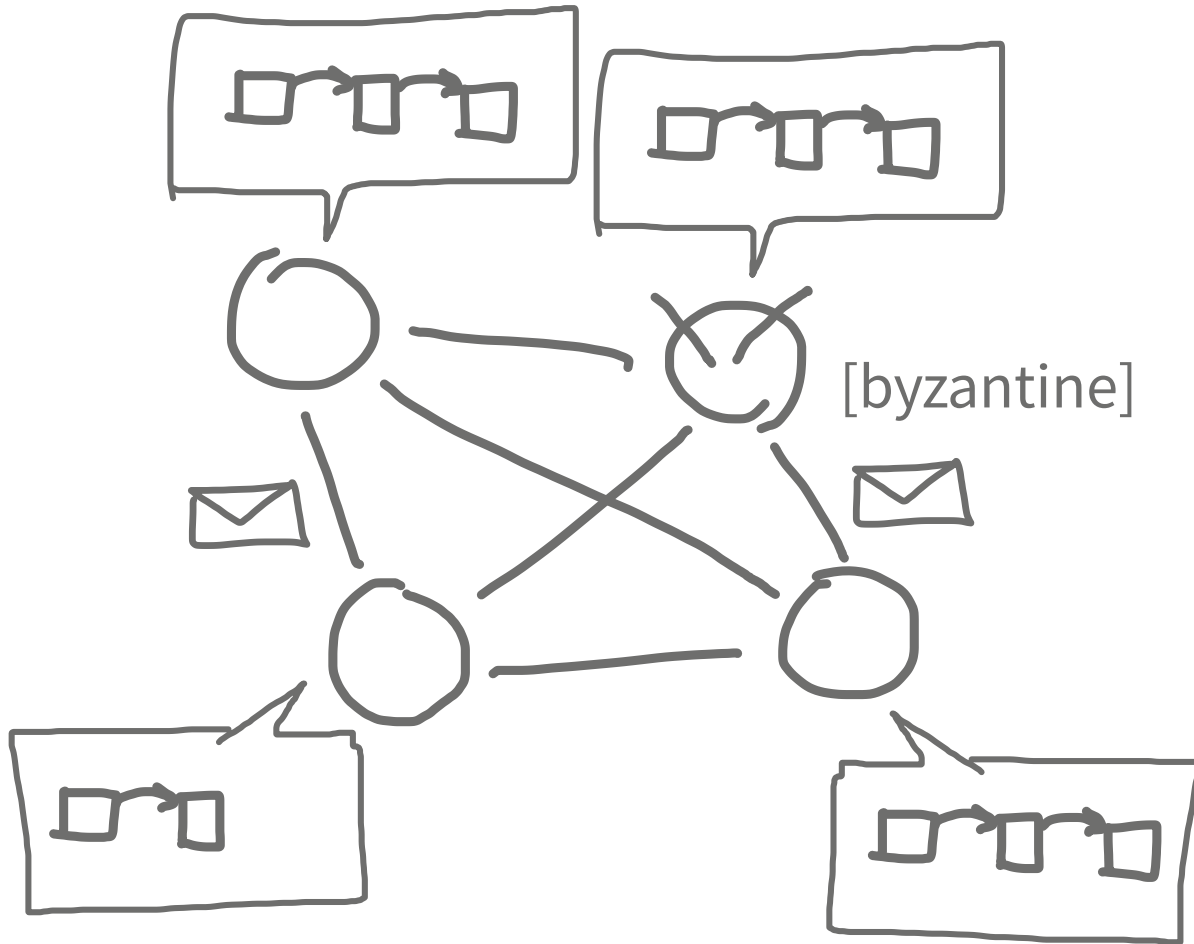
Data structure

0

[genesis block]

1 #(0)

2 #(1)

[Ethereum]

~~~ == transactions || "smart contracts"
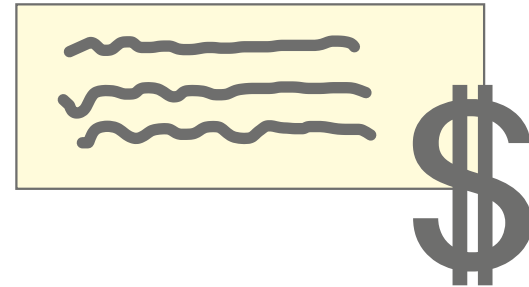
Govern shared state

[byzantine]
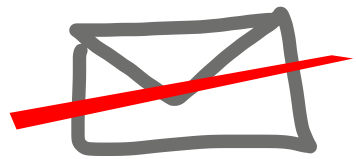
Cheaper blockchain ...

protocols

programs
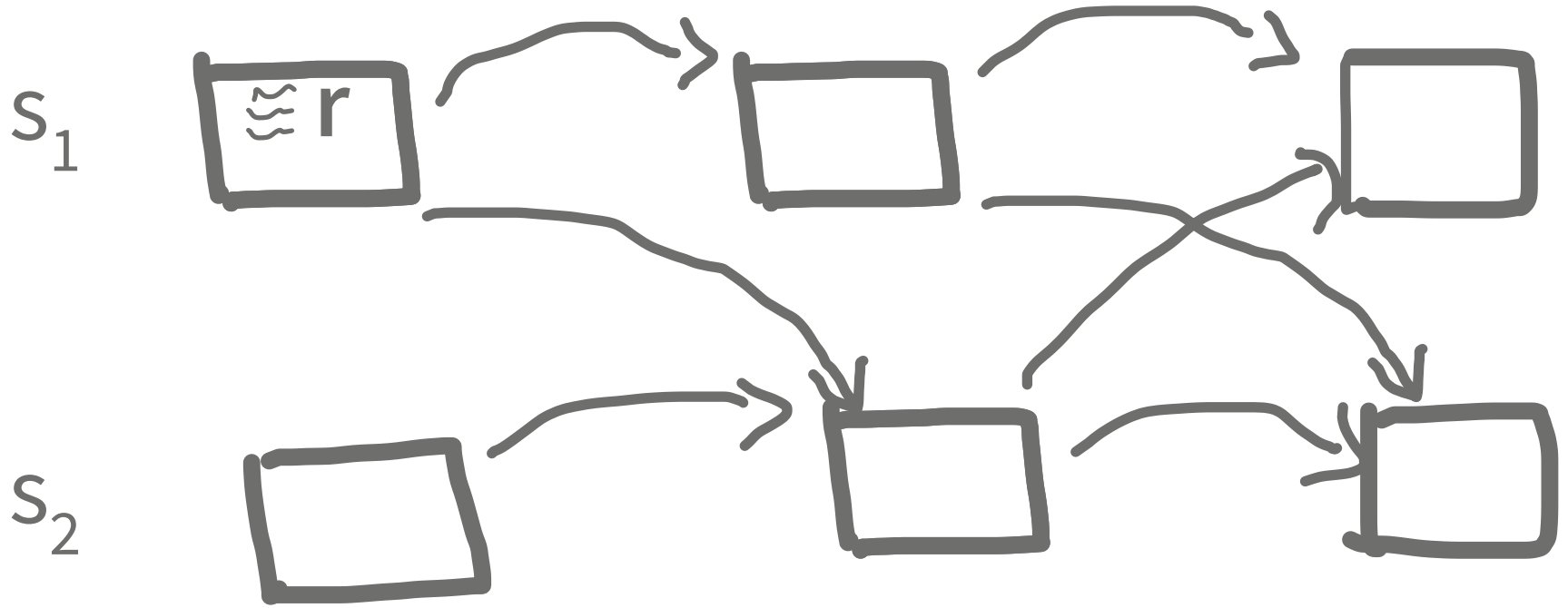
guaranteeing correctness

Cheaper blockchain protocols

-chain to -DAG

s_1

s_2

Interpret $\boxed{\mathcal{P}}$ **:= reliable broadcast of** ≋ r

S₁

≋ r

(1) ECHO r

(2) ECHO r

S₂

(3) ECHO r

(4) READY r

Interpret

interpret protocol

Build a block DAG

S_1

S_2

gossip protocol

creator: ◯   **valid**
parent: ▢
preds: ▢ ▢
user requests: ≋

Block DAG framework

user

$\approx$ r

shim($\mathcal{P}$)

gossip protocol

interpret protocol

network

$\mathcal{P}$

For every correct server

    if protocol $\mathcal{P}$ has safety or liveness property $\mathbb{P}$

    then shim($\mathcal{P}$) preserves $\mathbb{P}$.

idea: block DAG is a **reliable point-to-point link**

Cheaper blockchain programs

SFS (Stack Functional Specification)

SWAP3
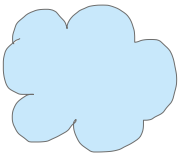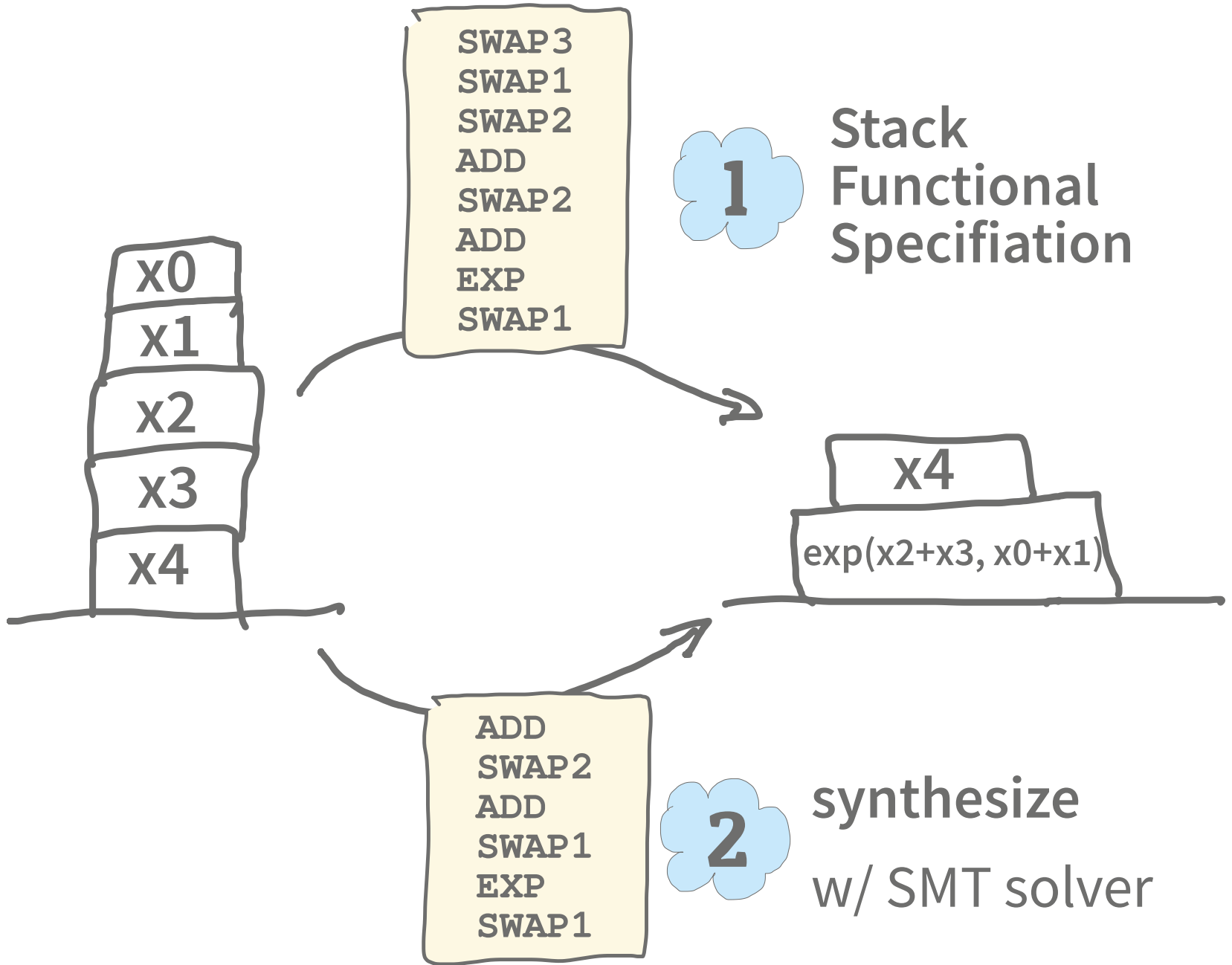
| x0 |
| x1 |
| x2 |
| x3 |
| x4 |

SWAP1

| x**3** |
| x1 |
| x2 |
| x**0** |
| x4 |

SWAP2

| x**1** |
| x**3** |
| x2 |
| x0 |
| x4 |

k

| x**2** |
| x3 |
| x**1** |
| x0 |
| x4 |

ADD

| **x5** |
| x1 |
| x0 |
| x4 |

```
SWAP3
SWAP1
SWAP2
ADD
...          n
```

| x4 |
| exp(x2+x3, x0+x1) |

$\approx$

| x4 |
| x7 |

$$x5 = f_{ADD1}(x2, x3)$$
$$x6 = f_{ADD2}(x0, x1)$$
$$x7 = f_{EXP}(x5, x6)$$

SMT solvers

Satisfiability Modulo Theories

first-order logic

BV, LIA, unintepreted functions ...

[decidable]

$\exists\, t,\, s,\, u.$
$\quad t = 3 \Rightarrow$
$\quad s = t + 1 \wedge u$

SMT solver

e.g. **Z3**

SAT + **model**

UNSAT

Synthesize

$\exists\, t_1 \dots t_n.\; -t_1 \; -t_2 \; \cdots \; -t_n$

SWAP1 $\mapsto$ 1

PUSH $\mapsto$ 2

$f_{ADD1} \mapsto 42 \dots$

x0
x1
x2
x3
x4

$s_{0,0} = x0$

$s_{1,0} = x1$

$s_{2,0} = x2$

$s_{3,0} = x3$

$s_{4,0} = x4$

x4
x7

$s_{0,n} = x4$

$s_{1,n} = x7$

Synthesize

$$\exists\, t_1 \ldots t_n. \;\; {-t_1} \;\; {-t_2} \;\; \cdots \;\; {-t_n}$$

$$t_j = 1 \;\Rightarrow\; s_{0,j+1} = s_{1,j+1} \;\wedge$$
$$s_{1,j+1} = s_{0,j+1} \;\wedge$$
$$move(s_{2,j+1} \ldots s_{k,j+1})$$

x0 $s_{0,0} = x0$

x1 $s_{1,0} = x1$

x2 $s_{2,0} = x2$

x3 $s_{3,0} = x3$

x4 $s_{4,0} = x4$

x4 $s_{0,n} = x4$

x7 $s_{1,n} = x7$

Synthesize

$\exists\, t_1 \dots t_n \cdot\ {}_{-t_1}\ {}_{-t_2}\ \cdots\ {}_{-t_n}$

$$\text{SWAP1} \mapsto 1$$
$$\text{PUSH} \mapsto 2$$
$$f_{\text{ADD1}} \mapsto 42 \dots$$

$t_j = \color{red}{2}\ \Rightarrow\ \dots$

$s_{0,0} = x0$

$s_{1,0} = x1$

$s_{2,0} = x2$

$s_{3,0} = x3$

$s_{4,0} = x4$

Synthesize

$\exists\, t_1 \dots t_n.\ -t_1\ -t_2\ \cdots\ -t_n$

$-a_1\ -a_2\ \cdots\ -a_n$

SWAP1 $\mapsto$ 1

PUSH $\mapsto$ 2

$f_{ADD1} \mapsto$ 42 ...

$t_j = 2 \ \Rightarrow\ s_{0,j+1} = a_j\ \wedge$

$a_j < 2^{256} \wedge$

$move(s_{0,j+1}, \dots s_{k,j+1})$

$s_{0,0} = x0$

$s_{1,0} = x1$

$s_{2,0} = x2$

$s_{3,0} = x3$

$s_{4,0} = x4$

$x_i \mapsto 2^{256} + i$

$\exists \, t_1 \dots t_n. \; -t_1 -t_2 \; \cdots \; -t_n$

SWAP1 ↦ 1
PUSH ↦ 2
f_{ADD1} ↦ 42 ...

$t_j = 42 \implies s_{0,j+1} = x2 \; \land$
$s_{1,j+1} = x3 \; \land$
$move(s_{2,j+1} \dots s_{k,j+1})$

$s_{0,0} = x0$
$s_{1,0} = x1$
$s_{2,0} = x2$
$s_{3,0} = x3$
$s_{4,0} = x4$

x0
x1
x2
x3
x4

SFS

$x5 = f_{ADD1}(x2, x3)$

$\exists \, t_1 \ldots t_n. \; {}_{-t_1} {}_{-t_2} \cdots {}_{-t_n}$

SWAP1 $\mapsto$ 1
PUSH $\mapsto$ 2
$f_{ADD1} \mapsto 42 \ldots$

$t_j = 42 \; \Rightarrow \; s_{0,j+1} = x2 \; \wedge$
$s_{1,j+1} = x3 \; \wedge$
$move(s_{2,j+1} \ldots s_{k,j+1})$

x0
x1
x2
x3
x4

$s_{0,0} = x0$
$s_{1,0} = x1$
$s_{2,0} = x2$
$s_{3,0} = x3$
$s_{4,0} = x4$

$\$?$

$t_j = 42 \; \Rightarrow \; \underbrace{cost}_{min} + 3$

Synthesize

$\bigwedge$

$s_{0,0} = x0 \ldots$

$t_j = 42 \implies \ldots$

min cost

[1]

SMT solver

UNSAT

SAT + model

$\underline{9}_{t_1} \underline{1}_{t_2} \ldots \underline{0}_{t_n}$

[1] github.com/mariaschett/syrup-backend

Evaluation

128 smart
contract ⇒
~50 k blocks

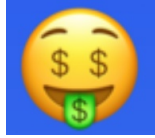Z3, Barcelogic,
OptiMathSAT

SMT solver

~65% **already optimal**
~30% **optimized**
~2% **time-out**

transfer of AirdropToken; 500k called; saved 832 gas ⇒ **2815 $**

Wrapping Up

Goals

3 🤑 through **cheaper programs** [CAV20]

2 **cheaper protocols** through (nearly) **'telepatic' computers** [PODC21]

1 **blockchains** are **fun**

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